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ITS Campus, Sukolilo Surabaya, 60111, East Java, INDONESIA

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International Conference on Creative Industry (ICCI) 2015

 ${\it ``Opportunity} and Challenge of Creative Industries in The Era of Global Free Trade''$

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Editor

Ellya Zulaikha Octaviyanti Dwi Wahyurini Sayatman

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Sayatman Kahane Noeschi Dina Yulianti

Organized by:

Department of Industrial Design Faculty of Civil Engineering and Planning Sepuluh Nopember Institute of Technology Surabaya ITS Campus, Sukolilo Surabaya 60111, Indonesia Phone/Fax: +62 31 5931147 icci@prodes.its.ac.id

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Foreword

ICCI is a biennial conference organized by the Industrial Design Department – Institute of Technology 10th November Surabaya. ICCI aims at providing an overview of multi-disciplinary issues of creative industries regarding the creative economy era.

The 1st ICCI was held on 11th March 2011 at Sanur, Bali, attended by 90 presenters from 30 institutions. We're pleased to inform that The Minister of Cooperative and Small Medium Enterprises of the Republic of Indonesia was coming to officially open the first ICCI. The 2nd ICCI conference was held on the 13th of November 2013 in Surabaya, East Java, Indonesia.

The 3rd ICCI 2015 is collaboration between Industrial Design Department ITS Surabaya Indonesia and Marine System Convergence Design-Pukyong National University, South Korea. It is held on 11-12 August 2015 in Bali Creative Industry Center and Fave Hotel Tohpati Denpasar, and were attended by 179 participants from 14 countries; South Korea, Australia, Denmark, United Arab Emirates, Brazil, Thailand, Japan, Portugal, the Netherlands, Taiwan, Singapore, the USA, Malaysia and Indonesia. Furthermore, ICCI can be: 1) a reference for policy makers related to creative industries, in order to exchange information on current issues and challenges facing creative industries, 2) a forum to establish a network among stakeholders of creative industries, 3) a prestigious publication channels for academics and researchers in the field of creative industries.

We greatly appreciate the partnership with Pukyong National University, South Korea in this event. We also would like to thank the Ministry of Industry Republic Indonesia (Directorate General of Small and Medium Enterprise) as our main sponsors, Pupuk Kaltim, Garuda Indonesia as the official airline of this event, ISI Denpasar, and also to our partners ADPII, DGI, BPIPI, PIRNAS, and CHI-UX Indonesia.

Bali, 11 August 2015

General Chair



Welcome Speech Industry Minister of Republic of Indonesia On the opening of International Conference on Creative Industry (ICCI) 2015 in Bali Creative Industry Center (BCIC) Denpasar, August 11, 2015

Distinguished the Governor of Bali, Made Mangku Pastika, The participants of ICCI 2015, Ladies and Gentlemen.

Assalamualaikum warahmatullahi wabarakatuh.

Om Swastiastu, May Peace and Prosperity be upon us all.

First of all, let's pray upon Allah SWT for His blessings that today we can gather here to join the opening of International Conference on Creative Industry (ICCI) 2015 in Bali.

The honorable guests,

Creative industry is one of important pillars in developing national economy.

Creative industry can empower human resources to compete in the globalization era, as well as to enhance people's welfare, that makes it a strategic consideration.

The development of creative industry in 2013 showed positive depiction, in which this sector has grown 5.76% or 5.74% above the national economy's growth with added value as much as Rp. 641.8 trillion or 7% of National GDP. In terms of manpower, this sector is able to absorb 11.8 million workers or 10.7% of national workers, followed by the number of business units that reaches 5.4 million units or 9.7% of all business units. The export activity is also considered good, reaching Rp. 118 trillion or 5.7% of total national exports.

The honorable guests,

Recently, there are 15 subsectors of creative economy being developed, namely advertising, architecture, art galleries, crafts, designs, fashion, film-video-photography, interactive games, music, art performances, printing and publishing, computer and software, radio and TV, research and development, and culinary.

Out of those 15 subsectors, there are 3 subsectors that can give dominant contributions to PDB, namely culinary subsector (Rp. 209 trillion or 32,5%), fashion (Rp. 182 trillion or 28.3%), and crafts (Rp. 93 trillion or 14.4%). Further about fashion and craft industries' performance, the fashion industry export reaches Rp. 76.7 trillion or increases 8% compared to the one in 2012. In line with fashion, craft industry has also got export performance leverage, reaching Rp. 21 trillion or increasing 7.6% compared to the one in the previous year.

Based on the development and the potential the national creative industry has, the strategic step done by the Ministry of Industry is by establishing Bali Creative Industry Center or BCIC. BCIC can be used by creative industry people, designers, university community, as well as related association to develop new creative products which have selling value and produce more competitive and high quality products; so that Indonesia's creative industry is able to embrace the free trade era.

Honorable guests,

In realizing that plan, one of BCIC's activities is expanding the network with national and international creative community, through the participation in ICCI.

ICCI is an international conference held every two years by ITS Surabaya which aims to accommodate and discuss the newest issues in creative industry, from various points of view and disciplines. All related parties in creative industry (creative industry people, academic people, community, Profession Association and Government) can synergize, share thoughts and build network.

As we know, the economy dynamic changes rapidly from highly depending on natural resources into depending on the capacity of human knowledge, science, art and creativity.

Back then, the strongs conquered the weaks. Today, the fasts conquered the slows. It means that creative industry must be supported by reliable information, communication and technology.

This phenomenon shows that it needs different approaches to enhance creative economy between developed countries and developing countries. The complexity faced by creative industry in each country is strongly influenced by different contexts. The different contexts are the crucial issue to be discusses both by the creative industry doer and the academic institution in developed and developing countries.

The knowledge on these different contexts can affect the policy and strategy to establish a creative industry in a certain country.

Blessed guests,

I would like to express my gratitude to all parties who help make ICCI 2015 to happen.

We do expect active participation from all participants so that all activities could run well. May God give His blessing to us all.

Finally, with Bismillahirahmanirrahim, the International Conference on Creative Industry 2015 in Bali Creative Industry Center is officially open.

Wawwalamualaikum Warahmatullahi Wabarakatuh.

Om Santi Santi Om. May peace upon us all.

Minister of Industry

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The 3nd International Conference on Creative Industry (ICCI).

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- Pukyong National University
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- Dean Faculty of Civil Engineering and Planning Sepuluh Nopember Institute of Technology.
- All session moderator and conference speakers, for their participation.
- All conference sponsors, supporters, exhibitors and advertisers for their generous support.
- All participants and other who have in one way or another contributed towards the success of this conference.
- Premiere Sponsor and Association

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Evaluating Ergonomic Factor of Cilaja Muncang Vernacular Bamboo Furniture

Hendriana Werdhaningsih, M.Ds

Universitas Paramadina, Indonesia hendriana@paramadina.ac.id

Abstract — Kampung Cilaja Muncang, Kecamatan Cimeyan, Kabupaten Bandung is a home for 35 industries that produce vernacular bamboo furniture. They produce simple set of furniture consist of two (2) single seat and one (1) table made from bamboo. Techniques that used and the product design never change since they started about 35 years ago. This research aim is to evaluate ergonomic factor of the products through 2 (two) approach. First, evaluation using comparation between sitting anthropometry data, standard measurement for chair and the vernacular bamboo chair dimention. The second is evaluation though Focus Group Disscussion about user experience. In FGD, respondens give opinion about comfortibility and potential danger using vernacular bamboo chair. Research found that some parts of this vernacular bamboo chair caused discomfort and have potential danger. This finding could be used as platform for developing vernacular bamboo furniture new design that created by Cilaja Muncang small scale industries.

Keywords - Ergonomic, Furniture, Bamboo, Vernacular

1. INTRODUCTION

Indonesia has many potential small scale industry based on material and skill. One of potential small scale industry is in a village named Cilaja Muncang, Kabupaten Bandung that produce vernacular furniture made from bamboo. This research program conducted as part of fostering small scale industry endeavour in order to make them more sustain and establish. Design research consist of some stages. First stage is profilling craftmen and industries, to know existing condition and development opportunity. Data profile gathered by interviewing craftmen. Second stage is evaluating ergonomic factor of the product, that is vernacular bamboo chair. Last stage is developing new furniture design to produced by Cilaja Muncang small scale industries. This paper explained mainly the second stage which is evaluating ergonomic factor of the product. Profile of the craftmen and industry will explain also but in general, to give picture about the existing condition.

2. CILAJA MUNCANG VERNACULAR BAMBOO FURNITURE INDUSTRY

Cilaja Muncang is a village in Kabupaten Bandung, Jawa Barat – Indonesia. Small scale industries that produce vernacular bamboo furniture in Cilaja Muncang, starts at the beginning of 1980. At the beginning about 3 craftmen imitate bamboo furniture from craftmen at Girimekar, Cibejog. In 1990an number of craftmen reach to 50. Now, about 35 craftment made vernacular bamboo furniture. Some of them stars from mid 1980, some starst 1990 and some others are just starts couple years ago.

Beginning of year 2000, craftmen were not easy to find bamboo material from fields in

their area anymore. They starts to buy bamboo from store, that could not guarantee bamboo quality. According to the craftmen one of quality factor of bamboo material is the harvest time. Bamboo that cutted in the morning has lower quality than one that cutted at noon.

Vernacular bamboo design never change since the beginning of industry. Craftmen sell product door to door in the area of Banten, Tasikmalaya, Pangandaran and some area in Middle Java. Craftmen goes to those area by joining empty sand truck. They goes 3 times a month. Bandung area is not their target market. Craftmen opinion that vernacular bamboo furniture design is common for people in Bandung area. With new design, craftmen could offer their product to Bandung area and attract buyers from out of Bandung.

The result of evaluating ergonomic factor of vernacular bamboo furniture research would be one of platform for developing new vernacular bamboo furniture design. Various new design and sustainable improvement will open more opportunities for individual craftman and industry. The industries could joint each other in bussiness and creating centers of bamboo furniture. Empowering design quality will attract buyers to come to Cilaja Muncang, so craftmen have not sell their product door to door anymore. Craftmens time and energy will used more efficient.



Figure 1. Vernacular Bamboo Chair produce in Cilaja Muncang

3. DATA AND METHOD

Evaluating ergonomic factor of vernacular bamboo furniture use 2 (two) approachs. First approach is comparing form and measurement of vernacular bamboo chair with sitting anthropometric data and chair standard measurement. Sitting anthropometric data and chair standard measurement taken from Orthographic literaturs. projection vernacular bamboo furniture made for form and measurement data. Second approach is user experience research through Focus Group Disccussion (FGD). FGD conducted to find opinion about comfortibility potential danger in vernacular bamboo chair sitting experience. User experience data collection envolving 24 respondence that has percentile 50 sitting anthropometry.

3.1 Chair Standard Measurement and Sitting Anthropometry Data

Vernacular bamboo single chair classified as easychair. Secondary data taken from some literatures that compliment to each other generates Table 1. that used for comparation analysis with vernacular bamboo chair.

Table 1. Easychair Standard Measurement

| Measurement | Standard Range |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Seat width | 40.65 – 63.5 cm |
| Seat depth | 38.1 – 66.04 cm |
| Seat height | 40.64 – 43.18 cm |
| Seat slope | 5° – 8° |
| Armrest height | 20 cm |
| Armrest width | 5.08 – 10 cm |
| Seat back height | 30.48 – 40.65 cm |
| Seat back recline angle | $10^{\circ} - 15^{\circ}$ |

Sitting anthropometry data taken from Allsteel (2006) percentile 50 and Pheasant (1996) as comparation. Both data are Eropean

anthropometry. Asian anthropometry measurements are 3-5 cm less that Eropean.

Table 2. Sitting Anthropometry (cm)

| Measurement | Male | Female |
|-------------------|-------|--------|
| Sitting height | 91.3 | 85.25 |
| Buttock-to-knee | 61.85 | 59.05 |
| Knee height | 58.95 | 54.6 |
| Seat length/depth | 49.25 | 47.35 |
| Popteal height | 46.47 | 41.91 |
| Seat width | 39.5 | 41.25 |

3.2 Focus Group Disscussion

FGD session started with measuring responden sitting anthropometry. Respondent sitting anthropometry connnect with comfortibility and the potential danger. Other than sitting anthropometry, responden data also include sex, age and course taken. Primary data collected through focus group disscussion (FDG). FGD participant are 24 Product Design Department and non Product Design Department students from defferent level. FGD implemented in 6 (six) groups, each consist of homogen 4 respondens. Fist group is Product Design students who complete Ergonomic 1, Ergonomic 2 and Furniture Design courses. Second and Third group is Product Design students who complete Ergonomic 1 and Ergonomic 2 courses but not Furniture Design. Fourth group is Product Design students who did not take Ergonomic 1, Ergonomic 2 and Furniture Design courses yet. Fifth and six group is non Product Design students who do not know about ergonomic design.

Four (4) vernacular bamboo chairs placed in a FGD room. Responden sits at each chair and try some position that comfort for them. Responden gives opinion about user comfortibility and the potential danger. They also pointing to parts of the chair that uncomfortable or potentially danger. First

group mention that seat contruction is not strong enough and middle part seat structure caused discomfortness. Back seat better higher and upper structure caused discomfortness. Armrest are too low. Chairs leg front horizontal structure is disturbing. The potential danger caused by the structure ends. Second group said that seat is not wide enough. Back seat reclines too much and upper structure caused discomfortness. Joining part between seat and back caused discomfortness. Armrest are too low and armrest diameter better bigger. Diagonal structure at chairs leg potentially danger. Structure ends are too sharp. Third group comment that seat height too low, seat not enough depth, back seat to low and not bright enough. Back upper structure caused discomfortness. Armrest are too low. Fourth group mention that seat are not wide enough. Back seat better more reclined. Joining part between seat and back caused discomfortness. Armrest are too low. Chairs leg front horizontal structure discomfort for foot step. Firth group mention that seat depth is not bright enough, seat height too low. Back seat better higher. Armrest too low. Joining part between seat and back caused discomfortness. Diagonal structure at chairs leg potentially danger. Sixth group said that seat discomfort caused by middle structure. Back seat not hight enough. Diagonal structure at chairs leg potentially danger.



Figure 2. Normal sitting position in FGD



Figure 3. Layback sitting position in FGD



Figure 4. Free sitting position in FGD

Discomfort and the potential danger points from FDG classified as seat discomfort, back seat discomfort, armrest discomfort, and the potential danger. Vernacular bamboo chair discomfort present at Table 3. The potential danger are at the structure ends and diagonal structure at chairs leg.

Tabel 3. Vernacular bamboo chair discomfort

| Object | Discomfort | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Seat width | Too narrow | |
| Seat depth | Not deep enough | |
| Seat height | Could be higher | |
| Seat slope | Middle to sides (caused | |
| | by mid structure) | |
| Armrest height | Too low | |
| Armrest width | Better wider | |
| Seat back height | Could be higher | |
| Seat back recline | - Could be more recline | |
| angle | - Too reclined | |

4. ANALISIS

FGD shows that vernacular bamboo chair has some problem in ergonomic factor. Comparing form and measurement of vernacular bamboo chair with sitting anthropometric data and chair standard measurement also shows that vernacular chair form and measurement does not match with easychair standard measurement.

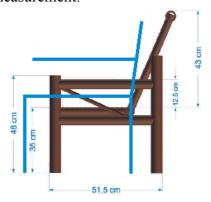


Figure 5. Comparing side view vernacular chair with easychair standard measurement



Figure 6. Comparing top view vernacular chair with easychair standard measurement



Figure 7. Comparing front view vernacular chair with easychair standard measurement

5. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Comparation analysis between vernacular sitting bamboo furniture maesurement, anthropometric and chair measurement standard also FGD result shows that vernacular bamboo chair does fits with ergonomic standard. Some parts construction detail of the chair needs to develop to fits with ergonomic standards. This research will run with some more FGD session that take lecturer and staf as responden. Those FGD session data will sharpen this second stage research.

Following this second stage research will be a workshop to share this research result. Craftmen will be the workshop participants. Through the workshop, craftmen will understand lack of their product and knowing the potential to develop. Third stages of this research is design development or research through design. Design development aims to produce design alternatives that conciders to ergonomic and human factor. Whole research will ended at November 2015.

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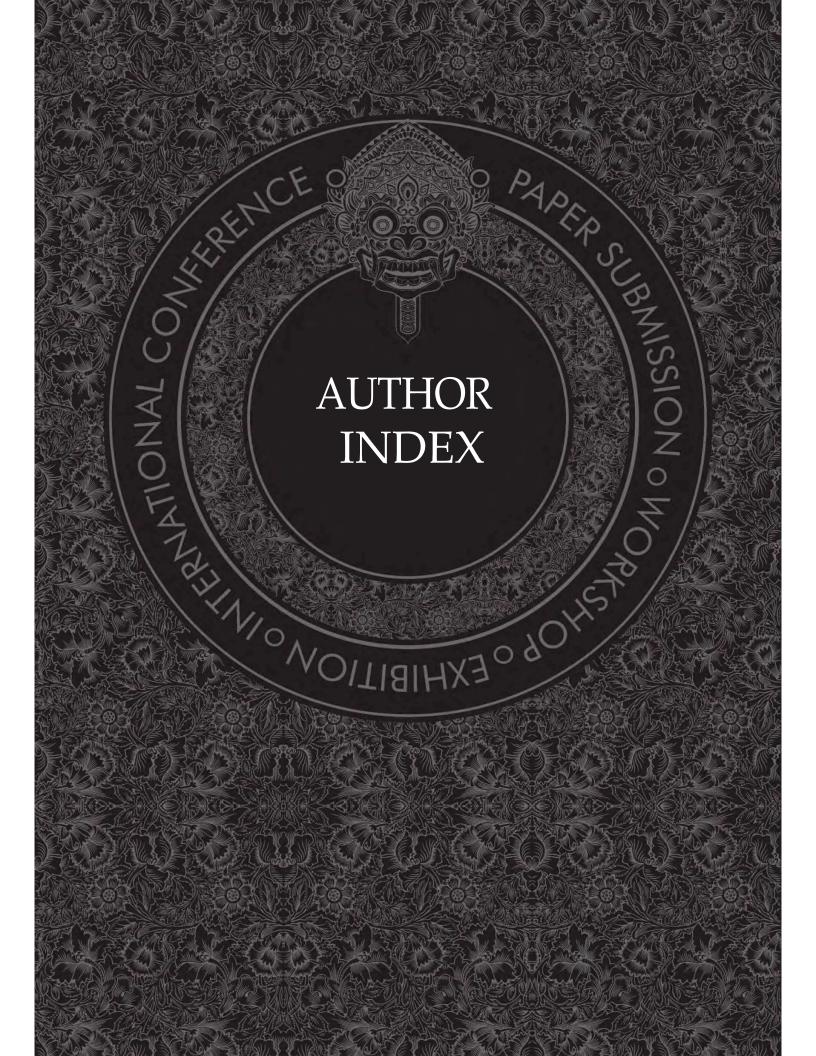
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Contact:

Industrial Product Department ITS-Surabaya 60111, East Java, Indonesia Phone: +6231 5931147, email: icci@prodes.its.ac.id